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# SEARCH REQUEST FORM

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AUG 13 2002

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(STIC)

Requester's Full Name: Jon Eric Angell Examiner #: 38697 Date: 8/13/02  
Art Unit: 1635 Phone Number: 605-1165 Serial Number: 09/760,574  
Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location: 11E12-CMI Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL

Office: 12D15-CMI  
If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc., if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.

Title of Invention: DNA vaccine for farm animals, in particular bovinus and porcines

Inventors (please provide full names): Jean-Christophe Audonnet, Laurent Fischer,  
Simona Barzu-Le-Roux

Earliest Priority Filing Date: 3/20/2000

\*For Sequence Searches Only\* Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

I would like a structure search for the structure of claim 1.

All Claims are attached for your convenience. Only claims 1-11, 18-21, 44-55, and 60-63 are pending in the application.

The structure of the formula of claim 1 is used for delivering DNA/nucleic acid of interest to cows or pigs for vaccination purposes.

Please do not hesitate to contact me for any further clarification/guidance.

Thanks.

Eric

JonE.Angell@uspto.gov

Edward Hart  
Technical Info. Specialist  
STIC/Biotech  
CMI 6B02 Tel: 305-9203

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Searcher: \_\_\_\_\_  
Searcher Phone #: \_\_\_\_\_  
Searcher Location: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date Searcher Picked Up: 8/14/02  
Date Completed: 8/16/02  
Searcher Prep & Review Time: \_\_\_\_\_  
Clerical Prep Time: \_\_\_\_\_  
Online Time: \_\_\_\_\_

### Type of Search

NA Sequence (#) \_\_\_\_\_  
AA Sequence (#) \_\_\_\_\_  
Structure (#) \_\_\_\_\_  
Bibliographic \_\_\_\_\_  
Litigation \_\_\_\_\_  
Fulltext \_\_\_\_\_  
Patent Famil \_\_\_\_\_  
Other \_\_\_\_\_

### Vendors as used where applicable

STN \_\_\_\_\_  
Dialog \_\_\_\_\_  
Questel/Orbit \_\_\_\_\_  
Dr. Link \_\_\_\_\_  
Lexis/Nexis \_\_\_\_\_  
Sequence Systems \_\_\_\_\_  
WWW/Internet \_\_\_\_\_  
Other (specify) \_\_\_\_\_

STRUCTURE  
SEARCH  
BY STN

ANGELL 09 / 760574

=> file hcaplus  
FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:55:32 ON 16 AUG 2002  
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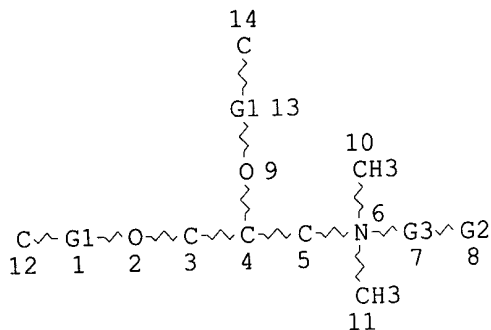
FILE COVERS 1907 - 16 Aug 2002 VOL 137 ISS 8  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 15 Aug 2002 (20020815/ED)

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=> d stat que

L3 STR



REP G1=(11-17) C  
VAR G2=OH/N  
REP G3=(2-3) C  
NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE  
L5 112 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3  
L7 STR

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
L9      109 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 SSS FUL L7
L10     399 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L9
L11     32  SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON  PLU=ON  L10 AND VACCINE?

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L11 ANSWER 1 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:10302 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:74555  
TITLE: **Vaccine** against foot-and-mouth disease  
INVENTOR(S): King, Andrew; Burman, Alison; Audonnet,  
Jean-Christophe; Lombard, Michel  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merial, Fr.  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 79 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: French  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE	
-----		----	----	-----		-----	
WO 2002000251		A1	20020103	WO 2001-FR2042		20010627	
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM						
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG						

FR 2810888 A1 20020104 FR 2000-8437 20000629  
 AU 2001070678 A5 20020108 AU 2001-70678 20010627  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2000-8437 A 20000629  
 WO 2001-FR2042 W 20010627

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:74555

AB The invention concerns a **vaccine** against foot-and-mouth disease, using as antigen an efficient amt. of empty capsids of the foot-and-mouth virus, said empty capsids being obtained by expressing, in eukaryotic cells, cDNA of the P1 region of the foot-and-mouth virus genome coding for the capsid and cDNA of the region of the foot-and-mouth virus genome coding for protease 3C, the **vaccine** further comprising a carrier or excipient pharmaceutically acceptable in veterinary medicine. The invention also concerns the insertion of a mutation in the sequence VP2 (introducing a cysteine), thereby stabilizing the empty capsids and the resulting viruses.

IT 153312-64-2, Dmrie

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(**vaccine** against foot-and-mouth disease)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:886529 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:32635

TITLE: Improved methods of transfection of cells with a receptor targeted vector and uses thereof

INVENTOR(S): Hart, Stephen Lewis

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ich Productions Ltd., UK

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 111 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001092543	A2	20011206	WO 2001-GB2396	20010530
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 2000-13089	A 20000530
			GB 2000-13090	A 20000530
			US 2001-287410P	P 20010501

AB The present invention relates to an improved method of transfecting cells. Transfection of confluent cells or other slowly dividing or non-dividing cells that are in contact with each other with a nucleic acid using a non-viral receptor targeted vector may be improved by the concurrent use of an agent that disrupts cell-cell junctions, esp. EGTA. The vector is esp. an integrin-targeting transfection vector complex comprising (i) a nucleic acid, esp. a nucleic acid encoding a sequence of interest, (ii) an integrin-binding component, esp. an integrin-targeting peptide, (iii) a polycationic nucleic acid-binding component, esp. an oligolysine, and (iv)

a lipid component, esp., DOPE, DOTMA, DOSPA or combinations thereof.  
Various applications of the improved method of transfection are described.

IT 168479-03-6, DOSPA

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(improved methods of transfection of cells with a receptor targeted  
vector and uses thereof)

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:886528 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:32634

TITLE: Integrin-binding peptides and their use in increasing  
the efficiency of transformation of animal cells in  
vector **vaccines** for cancer, respiratory and  
heart diseases

INVENTOR(S): Hart, Stephen Lewis

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ich Productions Ltd., UK

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 108 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
WO 2001092542	A2	20011206	WO 2001-GB2394	20010530
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,			
	CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,			
	GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,			
	LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT,			
	RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US,			
	UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,			
	DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,			
	BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 2000-13089 A 20000530

GB 2000-13090 A 20000530

US 2001-287410P P 20010501

AB A method of increasing the efficiency of transformation of animal cells by  
binding the transforming the DNA to integrins is described. Peptides  
contg. an integrin-binding motif and a polylysine sequence for binding  
nucleic acid are used to bring the DNA in close contact with the cell.  
The peptide-nucleic acid complex may be delivered in a liposome. The  
nucleic acid preferably is or relates to a gene that is the target for  
gene therapy, gene vaccination or antisense therapy. The integrin binding  
component comprises an integrin-binding element and a spacer element. The  
integrin binding element is an integrin binding peptide and contains a  
cyclic conserved RGD amino acid sequence. The spacer element is a peptide  
that is longer and/or more hydrophobic than the dipeptide spacers GG  
(glycine-glycine) and GA (glycine-alanine), contains an .epsilon.-amino  
hexanoic acid, is the the N terminus of the integrin-binding element and  
has enhanced transfection activity. The lipid component preferably has  
membrane destabilizing or fusogenic properties like DOPE, DOTMA, DOSPA or  
combinations thereof. An embodiment of the present invention provides a  
ratio of lipid component (DOPE or DOTMA): integrin-binding/polycationic  
nucleic acid-binding component: nucleic acid of 0.75:4:1 by wt. or  
0.5:1.25:0.25 nmol. Furthermore, the present invention provides a ratio  
of lipid component (DOPE or DOSPA): integrin-binding/polycationic nucleic  
acid-binding component: nucleic acid of 12:4:1 by wt. Transfection of

confluent cells or other slowly dividing or non-dividing cells that are in contact with each other with a nucleic acid using a non-viral receptor targeted vector may be improved by the concurrent use of an agent that disrupts cell-cell junctions, like the calcium chelator EGTA (at concns. of less than 1 mM) or an antibody like anti-cadherin. The present invention can be used in a **vaccines** for neuroblastoma, leukemias and other cancers as well as for diseases affecting smooth muscle and cardiac muscle tissues as well as for respiratory diseases. These vectors are also useful as a kit for improved transfection activity and they can deliver very large DNA mols. to cells.

IT **158571-62-1**, Lipofectamine **168479-03-6**, DOSPA  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (liposomes for nucleic acid delivery contg.; integrin-binding peptides and their use in increasing efficiency of transformation of animal cells in vector **vaccines** for cancer, respiratory and heart diseases)

L11 ANSWER 4 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:798084 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:348865  
 TITLE: Compositions and methods for in vivo delivery of polynucleotide-based therapeutics  
 INVENTOR(S): Hartikka, Jukka; Sukhu, Loretta; Manthorpe, Marston  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vical Incorporated, USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 176 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001080897	A2	20011101	WO 2001-US12975	20010423
W: CA, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR				
US 2002019358	A1	20020214	US 2001-839574	20010423
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-198823P	P 20000421
			US 2000-253153P	P 20001128

AB The present invention relates to pharmaceutical compns. and methods to improve expression of exogenous polypeptides into vertebrate cells in vivo, utilizing delivery of polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. More particularly, the present invention provides the use of salts, in particular sodium and potassium salts of phosphate, in aq. soln., and auxiliary agents, in particular detergents and surfactants, in pharmaceutical compns. and methods useful for direct polynucleotide-based polypeptide delivery into the cells of vertebrates.

IT **153312-64-2**, Dmrie **208040-06-6**, Gap dlrie  
**299207-54-8**, Gap-dmorie  
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (compns. and methods for in vivo delivery of polynucleotide-based therapeutics)

L11 ANSWER 5 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:791879 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:335117

TITLE: Immunological adjuvants containing Hemagglutinating virus-containing charged liposomes, and manufacture thereof

INVENTOR(S): Honda, Kazuo; Kaneda, Yasushi; Shiozaki, Koichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chemo-Sero-Therapeutic Research Institute, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001302541	A2	20011031	JP 2000-128670	20000428
AB	The invention relates to an immunol. adjuvant having immunostimulating effect for low-immunogenic peptide, wherein the adjuvant is a charged liposome consisting of a Sendai virus (Hemagglutinating virus of Japan, HVJ virus) or its envelop glycoprotein, and a lipid component. A HIV-V3 peptide-contg. anionic liposome was prepd. from dimethylaminoethane carbamyl cholesterol, phosphatidylethanolamine, egg yolk phosphatidylcholine, cholesterol, inactivated HVJ virus, and HIV-V3 peptide, and its booster effect was examd. in guinea pigs primarily immunized with HIV-HBc (hepatitis B virus core antigen).			
IT	182919-20-6			
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (charged liposomes contg. Hemagglutinating virus and lipids as immunol. adjuvants)				

L11 ANSWER 6 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:545519 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:142202

TITLE: Improved DNA vaccines for livestock

INVENTOR(S): Audonnet, Jean-Christophe Francis; Fischer, Laurent  
Bernard; Barzu-le-Roux, Simona

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merial, Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 79 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001052888	A2	20010726	WO 2001-FR187	20010119
WO 2001052888	A3	20011220		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
FR 2804028	A1	20010727	FR 2000-798	20000121
US 2002058021	A1	20020516	US 2001-760574	20010116
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 2000-798	A 20000121
			US 2000-193126P	P 20000330

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:142202

AB The invention concerns a DNA **vaccine** against a pathogen affecting livestock, in particular cattle and swine, comprising a plasmid contg. a nucleotide sequence coding for an immunogen of a pathogen of the animal species concerned, in conditions enabling the expression in vivo of said sequence, and a cationic lipid contg. a quaternary ammonium salt, of formula  $R1-O-CH_2-CH(OR1)-CH_2-N^+(CH_3)_2-R_2 X^-$ , wherein: R1 is a linear aliph. radical, satd. or unsatd., having 12 to 18 carbon atoms; R2 is another aliph. radical, contg. 2 or 3 carbon atoms; and X is a hydroxyl or amine group, said lipid being preferably DMRIE.

IT 153312-64-2, Dmrie  
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (improved DNA **vaccines** for livestock)

L11 ANSWER 7 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:490587 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:362424

TITLE: Highly efficient gene delivery by mRNA electroporation in human hematopoietic cells: superiority to lipofection and passive pulsing of mRNA and to electroporation of plasmid cDNA for tumor antigen loading of dendritic cells

AUTHOR(S): Van Tendeloo, Viggo F. I.; Ponsaerts, Peter; Lardon, Filip; Nijs, Griet; Lenjou, Marc; Van Broeckhoven, Christine; Van Bockstaele, Dirk R.; Berneman, Zwi N.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Experimental Hematology, Antwerp University Hospital, University of Antwerp, Antwerp, Belg.SOURCE: Blood (2001), 98(1), 49-56  
 CODEN: BLOOAW; ISSN: 0006-4971

PUBLISHER: American Society of Hematology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Designing effective strategies to load human dendritic cells (DCs) with tumor antigens is a challenging approach for DC-based tumor **vaccines**. Here, a cytoplasmic expression system based on mRNA electroporation to efficiently introduce tumor antigens into DCs is described. Preliminary expts. in K562 cells using an enhanced green fluorescent protein (EGFP) reporter gene revealed that mRNA electroporation as compared with plasmid DNA electroporation showed a markedly improved transfection efficiency (89% vs. 40% EGFP+ cells, resp.) and induced a strikingly lower cell toxicity (15% death rate with mRNA vs. 51% with plasmid DNA). Next, mRNA elec. troporation was applied for nonviral transfection of different types of human DCs, including monocyte-derived DCs (Mo-DCs), CD34+ progenitor-derived DCs (34-DCs) and Langerhans cells (34-LCs). High-level transgene expression by mRNA electroporation was obtained in more than 50% of all DC types. mRNA-electroporated DCs retained their phenotype and maturational potential. Importantly, DCs electroporated with mRNA-encoding Melan-A strongly activated a Melan-A-specific cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) clone in an HLA-restricted manner and were superior to mRNA-lipofected or -pulsed DCs. Optimal stimulation of the CTL occurred when Mo-DCs underwent maturation following mRNA transfection. Strikingly, a nonspecific stimulation of CTL was obsd. when DCs were transfected with plasmid DNA. The data clearly demonstrate that Mo-DCs electroporated with mRNA efficiently present functional antigenic peptides to cytotoxic T cells. Therefore, electroporation of mRNA-encoding tumor antigens is a powerful technique to charge human dendritic cells with tumor antigens and could serve applications in future DC-based tumor **vaccines**.



IT 189203-05-2, DMRIE-C  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (lipofection with; highly efficient gene delivery by mRNA  
 electroporation in human hematopoietic cells for tumor antigen loading  
 of dendritic cells)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 8 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:409275 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:198465  
 TITLE: Vaxfectin enhances antigen specific antibody titers  
 and maintains Th1 type immune responses to plasmid DNA  
 immunization  
 AUTHOR(S): Reyes, L.; Hartikka, J.; Bozoukova, V.; Sukhu, L.;  
 Nishioka, W.; Singh, G.; Ferrari, M.; Enas, J.;  
 Wheeler, C. J.; Manthorpe, M.; Wloch, M. K.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Cell Biology, Vical Incorporated, San  
 Diego, CA, 92121, USA  
 SOURCE: Vaccine (2001), 19(27), 3778-3786  
 CODEN: VACCDE; ISSN: 0264-410X  
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Antigen specific immune responses were characterized after i.m.  
 immunization of BALB/c mice with 5 antigen encoding plasmid DNAs (pDNAs)  
 complexed with Vaxfectin, a cationic lipid formulation. Vaxfectin  
 increased IgG titers for all of the antigens with no effect on the CTL  
 responses to the 2 antigens for which CTL assays were performed. Both  
 antigen specific IgG1 and IgG2a were increased, although IgG2a remained  
 greater than IgG1. Furthermore, Vaxfectin had no effect on IFN- $\gamma$ . or  
 IL-4 prodn. by splenocytes re-stimulated with antigen, suggesting that the  
 Th1 type responses typical of i.m. pDNA immunization were not altered.  
 Studies with IL-6 -/- mice suggest that the antibody enhancement is IL-6  
 dependent and results in a correlative increase in antigen specific  
 antibody secreting cells.

IT 370108-99-9, Vaxfectin  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (Vaxfectin enhanced antigen-specific antibody titers maintaining Th1  
 type immune responses to plasmid DNA **vaccines**)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 56 THERE ARE 56 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 9 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:168152 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:221435  
 TITLE: Prevention of myocarditis, abortion and intrauterine  
 infection associated with porcine circovirus-2  
 INVENTOR(S): Ellis, John Albert; Allan, Gordon Moore; Meehan,  
 Brian; Clark, Edward; Haines, Deborah; Hassard, Lori;  
 Harding, John; Charreyre, Catherine Elisabeth;  
 Chappuis, Gilles Emile; Krakowka, George Steve;  
 Audonnet, Jean-Christophe Francis; McNeilly, Francis  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merial, Fr.; University of Saskatchewan; The Queen's  
 University of Belfast  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 133 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001016330	A2	20010308	WO 2000-EP8781	20000828
W:	AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
BR 2000014155	A	20020507	BR 2000-14155	20000828
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-151564P	P 19990831
			US 2000-583350	A 20000531
			WO 2000-EP8781	W 20000828

AB The invention is based on the discovery that porcine circovirus (PCV-2) is a causative agent of myocarditis, abortion and intrauterine infection, as well as post-weaning multisystemic wasting syndrome in pigs. Thus, immunol. compns. contg. the recombinant poxvirus for inducing an immunol. response in aa host animal to which the immunol. compn. is administered. Also described are methods of treating or preventing disease caused by PCV-2 by administering the immunol. compns. of the invention to an animal in need of treatment or susceptible to infection by PCV-2. Such immunol. compns. comprise (1) attenuated or inactivated strains of PCV-2, (2) plasmid vectors expressing open reading frames of PCV-2 and vaccination of pigs with DNA formulated with DMRIE, DMRIE-DOPE, or carbomer adjuvants, and (3) a recombinant poxvirus, such as the canarypox virus (Rentschler strain) contg. foreign DNA encoding the major capsid virus or ORF1 or ORF2 from PCV-2.

IT 153312-64-2, DMRIE  
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(adjuvant; prevention of myocarditis, abortion and intrauterine infection assocd. with porcine circovirus-2)

L11 ANSWER 10 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:167832 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:212748  
TITLE: Lipid-nucleic acid compositions for stimulating cytokine secretion and inducing an immune response  
INVENTOR(S): Semple, Sean C.; Harasym, Troy O.; Klimuk, Sandra K.; Kojic, Ljiljiana D.; Bramson, Jonathan L.; Mui, Barbara; Hope, Michael J.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Inex Pharmaceuticals Corp., Can.  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 94 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001015726	A2	20010308	WO 2000-CA1013	20000828
WO 2001015726	A3	20010726		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,			

HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,  
 LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,  
 SD, SE, SG  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,  
 DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,  
 CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 BR 2000013834 A 20020423 BR 2000-13834 20000828  
 EP 1212085 A2 20020612 EP 2000-956004 20000828  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL  
 US 2000-176406P P 20000113  
 WO 2000-CA1013 W 20000828  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 AB Lipid-nucleic acid particles can provide therapeutic benefits, even when  
 the nucleic acid is not complementary to coding sequences in target cells.  
 It has been found that lipid-nucleic acid particles, including those  
 contg. non-sequence specific oligodeoxynucleotides, can be used to  
 stimulate cytokine secretion, thus enhancing the overall immune response  
 of a treated mammal. Further, immune response to specific target antigens  
 can be induced by administration of an antigenic mol. in assocn. with  
 lipid particles contg. non-sequence specific oligodeoxynucleotides. The  
 nucleic acid which is included in the lipid-nucleic acid particle can be a  
 phosphodiester (i.e., an oligodeoxynucleotide consisting of nucleotide  
 residues joined by phosphodiester linkages) or a modified nucleic acid  
 which includes phosphorothioate or other modified linkages, and may  
 suitably be one which is non-complementary to the human genome, such that  
 it acts to provide immunostimulation in a manner which is independent of  
 conventional base-pairing interactions between the nucleic acid and  
 nucleic acids of the treated mammal. In particular, the nucleic acid may  
 suitably contain an immune-stimulating motif such as a CpG motif, or an  
 immune stimulating palindromic sequence. The cationic lipid included in  
 the nucleic acid particles may be suitably selected from among DODAP,  
 DODMA, DMDMA, DOTAP, DC-Chol, DDAB, DODAC, DMRIE, DOSPA and DOGS. In  
 addn., the lipid particle may suitably contain a modified  
 aggregation-limiting lipid such as a PEG-lipid, a PAO-lipid or a  
 ganglioside.  
 IT **168479-03-6**, DOSPA  
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic  
 use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (DOSPA; lipid-nucleic acid compns. for stimulating cytokine secretion  
 and inducing an immune response)  
 IT **153312-64-2**, DMRIE  
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic  
 use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (lipid-nucleic acid compns. for stimulating cytokine secretion and  
 inducing an immune response)

L11 ANSWER 11 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:146642 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:330213  
 TITLE: Vaxfectin enhances the humoral immune response to  
 plasmid DNA-encoded antigens  
 AUTHOR(S): Hartikka, J.; Bozoukova, V.; Ferrari, M.; Sukhu, L.;  
 Enas, J.; Sawdey, M.; Wloch, M. K.; Tonsky, K.;  
 Norman, J.; Manthorpe, M.; Wheeler, C. J.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Cell Biology, Vical Incorporated, San  
 Diego, CA, 92121, USA  
 SOURCE: Vaccine (2001), 19(15-16), 1911-1923  
 CODEN: VACCDE; ISSN: 0264-410X  
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

## LANGUAGE:

English

AB This report characterizes Vaxfectin, a novel cationic and neutral lipid formulation which enhances antibody responses when complexed with an antigen-encoding plasmid DNA (pDNA). In mice, i.m. injection of Vaxfectin formulated with pDNA encoding influenza nucleoprotein (NP) increased antibody titers .ltoreq. 20-fold, to levels that could not be reached with pDNA alone. As little as 1 .mu.g of pDNA formulated with Vaxfectin per muscle resulted in higher anti-NP titers than that obtained with 25 .mu.g naked pDNA. The antibody titers in animals injected with Vaxfectin-pDNA remained higher than in the naked pDNA controls for at least 9 mo. The enhancement in antibody titers was dependent on the Vaxfectin dose and was accomplished without diminishing the strong anti-NP cytolytic T cell response typical of pDNA-based **vaccines**. In rabbits, complexing pDNA with Vaxfectin enhanced antibody titers .ltoreq. 50-fold with needle and syringe injections and also augmented humoral responses when combined with a needle-free injection device. Vaxfectin did not facilitate transfection and/or increase synthesis of .beta.-galactosidase reporter protein in muscle tissue. ELISPOT assays performed on bone marrow cells from vaccinated mice showed that Vaxfectin produced a 3- to 5-fold increase in the no. of NP-specific plasma cells. Thus, Vaxfectin should be a useful adjuvant for enhancing pDNA-based vaccinations.

IT 370108-99-9P, Vaxfectin

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(Vaxfectin enhances the humoral immune response to plasmid DNA-encoded antigens)

IT 370108-98-8P, VC 1052

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(Vaxfectin enhances the humoral immune response to plasmid DNA-encoded antigens)

REFERENCE COUNT:

53

THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 12 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:121937 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:225548

TITLE: Effects of different transfection reagents on genetic immunization of rabies virus glycoprotein cDNA

AUTHOR(S):

Zhang, Mao-lin; Hu, Rong-liang; Yu, Xing-long; Tu, Chang-chun; Qian, Ai-dong; Rong, Ai-hong; Li, Hong-wei; Yin, Zhen

CORPORATE SOURCE:

The Military Veterinary Institute, Quartermaster University of PLA, Changchun, 130062, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE:

Zhongguo Shouyi Xuebao (2000), 20(6), 528-531  
CODEN: ZSXUF5; ISSN: 1005-4545

PUBLISHER:

Zhongguo Shouyi Xuebao Bianjibu

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

Chinese

AB Three rabies virus glycoprotein expressing vectors, pGFP-C1-RGP, pSV2-RGP and pcDNA3-RGP were constructed by cloning rabies virus glycoprotein cDNA into pGFP-C1, pSV2-dhfr and pcDNA3, resp. Expression of all three vectors was confirmed on cells and in newborn mouse brains. The highest expression level was achieved when the rabies virus glycoprotein gene was regulated by CMV promoter/enhancer. After 3 times of inoculations at intervals of 2 wk in the form of naked DNA, DNA-lipofectamine and DNA-PEI complex, specific antibodies against rabies virus were detected in sera of mice by means of ELISA. The antibody titer went up with the increase of the amt. of plasmids injected. However, when the amt. of the plasmid went

beyond 20 .mu.g/mouse, there was no pos. correlation between the dose of DNA injected and the level of immune response when PEI and lipofectamine were used as transfection reagents. The plasmid vaccination could protect mice from the challenge of CVS. Long lasting humoral immune responses were proved with ELISA and PCR amplification 6 mo after the primary inoculation.

IT **158571-62-1**, Lipofectamine  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (effects of different transfection reagents on genetic immunization of rabies virus glycoprotein cDNA)

L11 ANSWER 13 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:101291 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:161880  
 TITLE: cDNAs encoding the Flt-3 receptor ligand and there use as adjuvants in vector **vaccines**  
 INVENTOR(S): Hermanson, Gary George  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vical Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 148 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001009303	A2	20010208	WO 2000-US20679	20000731
WO 2001009303	A3	20010816		

W: CA, JP, US

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-146170P P 19990730

AB A method of increasing the strength of the immune response of vector **vaccines** using an expression vector for the Flt3 ligand is described. The **vaccines** are made of independent non-integrating expression vectors: one encodes the antigen or a cytokine and the other encodes the Flt3 ligand. The present invention also provides a method broadly directed to improving immune response of a vertebrate in need of immunotherapy by administering in vivo, into a tissue of a vertebrate, a Flt-3 ligand-encoding polynucleotide and one or more antigen- or cytokine-encoding polynucleotides. The polynucleotides are incorporated into the cells of the vertebrate in vivo, and a prophylactically or therapeutically effective amt. of a Flt-3 ligand and one or more antigens is produced in vivo.

IT **153312-64-2**, DMRIE **208040-06-6**, GAP-DLRIE  
**299207-54-8**, GAP-DMORIE

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (in delivery of vector **vaccines**; cDNAs encoding Flt-3 receptor ligand and there use as adjuvants in vector **vaccines**)

L11 ANSWER 14 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:64121 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:136654  
 TITLE: Feline calicivirus genes and **vaccines**, in particular recombined **vaccines**  
 INVENTOR(S): Audonnet, Jean-Christophe Francis; Baudu, Philippe Guy  
 Nicolas; Brunet, Sylvie Claudine

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merial, Fr.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 61 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001005934	A2	20010125	WO 2000-FR2051	20000713
WO 2001005934	A3	20010426		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
FR 2796396	A1	20010119	FR 1999-9421	19990716
FR 2796397	A1	20010119	FR 2000-1761	20000211
AU 2000065765	A5	20010205	AU 2000-65765	20000713
BR 2000012512	A	20020402	BR 2000-12512	20000713
EP 1228193	A2	20020807	EP 2000-953243	20000713
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, MC, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1999-9421	A 19990716
			FR 2000-1761	A 20000211
			WO 2000-FR2051	W 20000713
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 134:136654			
AB	The invention concerns the sequence of the capsid gene and a corresponding cDNA sequence, of a dominant FCV strain called FCV 431. The invention also concerns the capsid gene sequence and the cDNA sequence of a complementary strain called G1. The cDNA sequences can be incorporated in expression vectors for prepg. immunogenic formulations and recombined <b>vaccines</b> or subunits providing vaccination against the feline calicivirus disease.			
IT	153312-64-2, Dmrie RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (adjuvant; feline calicivirus genes and <b>vaccines</b> )			
L11	ANSWER 15 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS			
ACCESSION NUMBER:	2000:900790 HCAPLUS			
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	134:55493			
TITLE:	Porcine circovirus <b>vaccine</b>			
INVENTOR(S):	Audonnet, Jean-christophe Francis; Bublot, Michel; Perez, Jennifer Maria; Charreyre, Catherine Elisabeth			
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):	Merial, Fr.			
SOURCE:	PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2			
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Patent			
LANGUAGE:	English			
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:	1			
PATENT INFORMATION:				

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:55493

AB The invention relates to immunogenic prepns. or **vaccines** comprising, on the one hand, a plasmid vector encoding and expressing a gene from porcine circovirus (PCV), in particular selected from the group consisting of ORF1 of PCV-2, ORF2 of PCV-2, ORF1 of PCV-1 and ORF2 of PCV-1, and , on the other hand, an element capable of increasing the immune response directed against the product of expression of the gene, which can be a carbomer, a porcine cytokine, e.g. GM-CSF or a cationic lipid of formula (I), in which R1 is a satd. or unsatd. linear aliph. radical having from 12 to 18 carbon atoms, R2 is another aliph. radical comprising from 2 to 3 carbon atoms, and X is a hydroxyle or amine group. The cationic lipid can be DMRIE, possibly coupled with DOPE.

**Vaccines** contg. plasmid vector encoding and expressing a gene from porcine circovirus were prepd. and tested against PMWS.

IT **153312-64-2**, DMRIE

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(**vaccine** comprising; cationic lipid or neutral lipid; porcine circovirus **vaccine**)

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000077043	A2	20001221	WO 2000-FR1592	20000608
WO 2000077043	A3	20010719		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU,			

LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,  
 SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA,  
 ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,  
 DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,  
 CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 FR 2794648 A1 20001215 FR 1999-7604 19990610  
 BR 2000011732 A 20020305 BR 2000-11732 20000608  
 EP 1185662 A2 20020313 EP 2000-940474 20000608  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 1999-7604 A 19990610  
 US 1999-144490P P 19990719  
 WO 2000-FR1592 W 20000608

## OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:55491

AB The invention aims at improving the efficacy and protection induced by DNA vaccination against viruses of the family of Paramyxoviridae and against the herpes virus, in pets and sport animals. The improvement of DNA vaccination is achieved either by formulating the **vaccine** with a cationic lipid contg. a quaternary ammonium salt, DMRIE, or by modifications in the nucleotide sequence coding for the antigen of interest in particular of deletions of the fragment of the nucleotide sequence coding for the transmembrane domain of the antigen of interest, and/or insertions of introns and/or insertions of nucleotide sequences coding for the signal peptides, or by adding GM-CSF, or by combinations thereof. The invention also concerns the resulting **vaccines**. A series of expression vectors for antigen genes of canine distemper virus and felid, canid, and equid herpes viruses that used the signal sequence of a tissue plasminogen activator gene were constructed by std. methods. In some cases, derivs. lacking the transmembrane domain were used to improve secretion of the extracellular domain. Expression vectors also carrying the genes for cytokines, esp. colony-stimulating factor 2 were also constructed. Use of genes for colony-stimulating factor 2 derived from the target host is demonstrated. A combination of vectors carrying genes for the fusion protein and hemagglutinin of canine distemper virus completely protected a group of five dogs challenged with the virus.

IT 153312-64-2, DMRIE

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (in liposomes for delivery of DNA **vaccines**; DNA  
**vaccines** against Paramyxoviridae for pets and game animals and  
 their delivery in liposomes contg. cationic lipids)

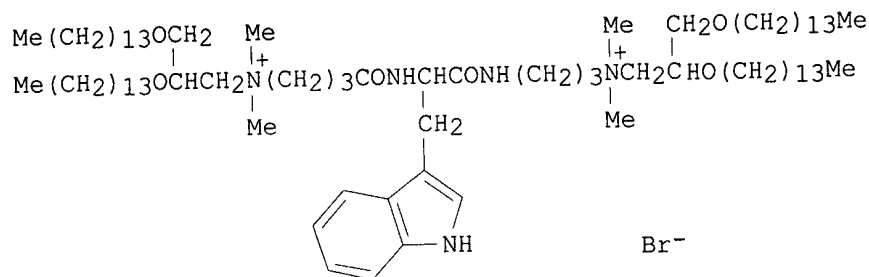
L11 ANSWER 17 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:861646 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:21482  
 TITLE: Cytofectin dimers and methods of use thereof  
 INVENTOR(S): Wheeler, Carl J.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vical, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000073263	A1	20001207	WO 2000-US14676	20000526
WO 2000073263	C2	20020711		



W: CA, JP, US  
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,  
PT, SE  
EP 1183231 A1 20020306 EP 2000-939373 20000526  
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
IE, FI  
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-136472P P 19990528  
WO 2000-US14676 W 20000526  
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:21482  
GI



AB A compn. is provided comprising a novel cationic lipid compd. having hydrophobic tails and two quaternary ammonium headgroups bridged by a linker. The compn. is useful as a cytofectin for facilitating delivery and transfection of biol. active agents, particularly anionic bioactive agents such as DNA, into cells. The compn. is useful also as an adjuvant for enhancing the humoral immune response of a vertebrate to an immunogen, esp. an immunogen encoded by a polynucleotide-based **vaccine**. In certain preferred embodiments, the cationic lipid compd. is a dimer contg. quaternary ammonium headgroups bridged by a linker having DNA and/or cell receptor binding affinity, such as a polypeptide or polyamine. Also disclosed is an immunogenic compn. comprising an immunogen and the compn. of the present invention. I was prepd. as an example compd.

IT 310445-42-2P 310445-43-3P 310445-44-4P  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN  
 (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);  
 PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (cationic lipids prepn. as cytofectin for delivery and transfection of  
 biol. agents)

IT 153312-64-2, Dmrie  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(cationic lipids prepn. as cytofectin for delivery and transfection of  
biol. agents)

IT 282533-25-9P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
 (Reactant or reagent)  
 (cationic lipids prepn. as cytofectin for delivery and transfection of  
 biol. agents)

REF ID: A67089

biol. agents/  
REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 18 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:850412 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:365419

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:365419  
TITLE: Large-scale feasibility of gene transduction into human CD34+ cell-derived dendritic cells by

AUTHOR(S): adenoviral/polycation complex  
Di Nicola, Massimo; Carlo-Stella, Carmelo; Milanesi,  
Marco; Magni, Michele; Longoni, Paolo; Mortarini,  
Roberta; Anichini, Andrea; Tomanin, Rosella; Scarpa,  
Maurizio; Gianni, A. Massimo  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Medical Oncology, Istituto Nazionale  
Tumori, Milan, 20133, Italy  
SOURCE: British Journal of Haematology (2000), 111(1), 344-350  
CODEN: BJHEAL; ISSN: 0007-1048  
PUBLISHER: Blackwell Science Ltd.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB With a view to using multiple injections of anticancer dendritic cell (DC)-based **vaccines**, we evaluated the feasibility of the adenoviral transduction of large amts. of human CD34+ cell-derived DCs, and analyzed the persistence of the transgene expression and the integrity of DC functional activity after the transduction/cryopreservation procedures. Mature DCs generated from highly enriched human CD34+ cells were transduced by a recombinant adenovirus (rAd-MFG) that carried a modified, membrane-exposed, alk. phosphatase (AP) sequence as the reporter gene. Cationic lipids such as LipofectAmine or poly-L-lysine were mixed with the viral particles before the transduction of the target cells. The highest transduction efficiency was obtained at a multiplicity of infection (MOI) rate of 500 (AP + DCs: 50 .+- . 2%, viability = 95%) under both small- and large-scale conditions. The addn. of poly-L-lysine or LipofectAmine increased the percentage of transduced cells at an MOI of 500 (CD1a+/AP+ cells = 85 .+- . 3% and 80 .+- . 2% resp.). Polycations made it possible to reduce the amts. of viral particles, with high efficiency of transduction being achieved at a MOI of 100 with 10 .mu.g/mL poly-L-lysine (CD1a+/AP+: 68 .+- . 9%) or 30 .mu.g/mL LipofectAmine (CD1a+/AP+: 60 .+- . 7%). Evaluation of the immunophenotype of the transduced DCs showed that the lack of a DC subpopulation was more susceptible to adenoviral transduction. Cryopreservation of transduced DCs did not modify the viability or percentage of AP+ cells that maintain antigen-presenting cell (APC) functions. These findings indicate the efficacy of this method for the transduction of large amts. of CD34+ cell-derived DCs using small quantities of adenoviral vector mixed with polycations. Cryopreservation of transduced DCs did not damage their viability or APC functions, thus making it possible to plan multiple injections of engineered DC-based **vaccines**.

IT 158571-62-1, LipofectAmine  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(large-scale feasibility of gene transduction into human CD34+ cell-derived dendritic cells by adenoviral/polycation complex)  
REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 19 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:707018 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:280556  
TITLE: Adjuvant compositions and methods for enhancing immune responses to polynucleotide-based **vaccines**  
Wheeler, Carl J.  
INVENTOR(S): Vical Incorporated, USA  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 72 pp.  
SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000057917	A2	20001005	WO 2000-US8282	20000324
WO 2000057917	A3	20010104		
W: CA, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
EP 1165140	A2	20020102	EP 2000-919777	20000324
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-126340P	P 19990326
			WO 2000-US8282	W 20000324

AB The invention provides adjuvants, immunogenic compns., and methods useful for polynucleotide-based vaccination and immune response. In particular, the invention provides an adjuvant of cytofectin:co-lipid mixt. wherein cytofectin is GAP-DMORIE.

IT 153312-60-8, DORIE 153312-64-2, DMRIE  
 154486-25-6, GAP-DMRIE 188949-12-4, DMORIE  
 199171-54-5, DLRIE 208040-06-6, GAP-DLRIE  
 282533-23-7, DOSPA 299207-54-8, GAP-DMORIE  
 299207-55-9, GAP-DPRIE  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (adjuvant compns. contg. cytofectin:co-lipid mixts. and methods for enhancing immune responses to polynucleotide-based **vaccines**)

L11 ANSWER 20 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:580894 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:155214

TITLE: LipofectAMINE coated hepatitis C virus core gene **vaccine** promotes efficacy of immune responses

AUTHOR(S): Feng, Zhihua; Zhou, Yongxing; Wang, Quanchu; Du, Dewei; Jiao, Chengsong; Li, Jing; Li, Guangyu

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Infectious Diseases, Tangdu Hospital, Fourth Military Medical University, Xi'an, 710038, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Disi Junyi Daxue Xuebao (2000), 21(7), 817-819

CODEN: DJDXEG; ISSN: 1000-2790

PUBLISHER: Disi Junyi Daxue Xuebao Bianjibu

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Chinese

AB The efficacy of LipofectAMINE coated recombinant plasmid-contg. hepatitis C virus (HCV) core gene inductive immune responses was studied. The HCV core gene coding region was inserted into the eukaryotic expression plasmid pcDNA3, and then the recombinant plasmid pcDNAHCV-C was constructed and expressed transiently with LipofectAMINE in the SP2/0 cells. After purifn., these plasmids directly or encapsulated with LipofectAMINE were injected into BALB/c mice. HCV core antibody from immunized mice was detected by ELISA. The enzyme-cutting identification showed that HCV core gene fragment was cloned into pcDNA3 eukaryote vectors. HCV C antibody was pos. in sera of 12 mice immunized and was time-dependent. The HCV C antibody titer for core antigen induced by plasmid encapsulated with lipofectamine was higher than of control mice. The results showed that liposome technique combined with gene **vaccine** can promote the efficacy of immune responses in BALB/c mice.

IT 158571-62-1, Lipofectamine

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (humoral immune response to genetic immunization with hepatitis C core antigen is enhanced by LipofectAMINE encapsulation of plasmid vector)

L11 ANSWER 21 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:573482 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:146025

TITLE: Effectiveness of combined interleukin 2 and B7.1 vaccination strategy is dependent on the sequence and order: A liposome-mediated gene therapy treatment for bladder cancer

AUTHOR(S): Larchian, William A.; Horiguchi, Yutaka; Nair, Smita K.; Fair, William R.; Heston, Warren D. W.; Gilboa, Eli

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Urology, The Cleveland Clinic Foundation, Cleveland, OH, 44195, USA

SOURCE: Clinical Cancer Research (2000), 6(7), 2913-2920  
 CODEN: CCREF4; ISSN: 1078-0432

PUBLISHER: American Association for Cancer Research

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The authors have developed a novel liposome-mediated immunogene therapy using interleukin 2 (IL-2) and B7.1 in a murine bladder cancer model. A carcinogen-induced murine bladder cancer cell line, MBT-2, was transfected with cationic liposome 1,2-dimyristyloxypropyl-3-dimethyl-hydroxyethyl ammonium bromide/dioleoylphosphatidylethanolamine and IL-2 plasmid. The optimized transfection condition generated IL-2 levels of 245-305 ng/106 cells/24 h, 100-fold higher than the levels seen with retrovirus transfection. Ninety percent of the peak level of IL-2 prodn. was maintained for up to 11 days after transfection. Animal studies were conducted in C3H/HeJ female mice with 2.times.104 MBT-2 cells implanted orthotopically on day 0. Multiple vaccination schedules were performed with i.p. injection of 5.times.106 IL-2 and/or B7.1 gene-modified cell preps. The greatest impact on survival was obsd. with the day 5, 10, and 15 regimen. Control animals receiving retrovirally gene-modified MBT-2/IL-2 cell preps. had a median survival of 29 days. Animals receiving the IL-2 liposomally gene-modified cell prepn. alone had a median survival of 46 days. Seventy-five percent of animals receiving IL-2 followed by B7.1 gene-modified tumor **vaccines** were the only group to show complete tumor-free survival at day 60. All of these surviving animals rejected the parental MBT-2 tumor rechallenge and survived at day 120 with a high CTL response. Thus, liposome-mediated transfection demonstrates a clear advantage as compared with the retroviral system in the MBT-2 model. Multi-agent as opposed to single-agent cytokine gene-modified tumor **vaccines** were beneficial. These "targeted" sequential vaccinations using IL-2 followed by B7.1 gene-modified tumor cells increased a systemic immune response that translated into increased survival.

IT 153312-64-2, DMRIE

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (liposome contg.; combined interleukin 2 and B7.1 vaccination strategy in liposome-mediated gene therapy of bladder cancer is dependent on sequence and order)

REFERENCE COUNT: 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 22 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:811109 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:69323

TITLE: Prostate-associated antigen composition with chitosan metal chelate for the treatment of prostatic carcinoma  
 INVENTOR(S): Seid, Christopher Allen; Singh, Gurpreet  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zonagen, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 65 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9965521	A1	19991223	WO 1999-US9592	19990430
W: AU, CA, CN, JP RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
US 2001014334	A1	20010816	US 1998-99017	19980617
US 6280742	B2	20010828		
AU 9936737	A1	20000105	AU 1999-36737	19990430
EP 1087786	A1	20010404	EP 1999-918940	19990430
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
JP 2002518345	T2	20020625	JP 2000-554399	19990430
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1998-99017 A 19980617 WO 1999-US9592 W 19990430				
AB The present invention relates generally to materials and methods for redn. and/or alleviation of prostatic and prostatic-related (metastatic) carcinoma via the administration of compns. comprising a prostate-assocd. antigen and a chitosan-metal chelate.				
IT 158571-62-1, Lipofectamine RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (prostate-assocd. antigen compn. with chitosan metal chelate for the treatment of prostatic carcinoma)				
REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT				

L11 ANSWER 23 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:679109 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:164839  
 TITLE: Adjuvants for plasmid DNA **vaccines**  
 AUTHOR(S): Norman, Jon; Hartikka, Jukka; Strauch, Pamela; Manthorpe, Marston  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Vical Inc., San Diego, CA, USA  
 SOURCE: Methods in Molecular Medicine (2000), 29, 185-196  
 CODEN: MMMEFN  
 PUBLISHER: Humana Press Inc.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB A review with 38 refs. discussing the effects of the co-injection of bupivacaine (BP), polyvinyl pyrrolidone (PVP), or DMRIE:DOPE cationic liposomes on plasmid DNA-mediated luciferase gene expression and antibody responses to influenza nucleoprotein (NP) antigen.  
 IT 153312-64-2, DMRIE  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (DMRIE/DOPE liposomes contg.; adjuvants for plasmid DNA **vaccines**)

REFERENCE COUNT: 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 24 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:795154 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:33989  
 TITLE: Integrin-targeting vectors having transfection activity  
 INVENTOR(S): Hart, Stephen Lewis  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institute of Child Health, UK  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 70 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9854347	A1	19981203	WO 1998-GB1577	19980529
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 9876673	A1	19981230	AU 1998-76673	19980529
EP 1003898	A1	20000531	EP 1998-924478	19980529
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI			
JP 2002502243	T2	20020122	JP 1998-550771	19980529
US 2002042384	A1	20020411	US 1999-424656	19991129
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1997-11115 A	19970529
			WO 1998-GB1577 W	19980529
AB	A complex that comprises (1) a nucleic acid, (2) an integrin-binding component, for example, an integrin-binding peptide, (3) a polycationic nucleic acid-binding component, for example, oligolysine, and (4) a lipid component, for example, a cationic liposome, has transfection activity. Human neuroblastoma lines cells were transfected with a complex contg. lipofectin, the peptide K16-GACRRETAWACG with a nucleotide-binding domain and an .alpha.5.beta.1 integrin-binding domain, and retroviral vectors expressing interleukin-12 chains. Transfected cells secreted interleukin-12, demonstrating that the transection system is suitable for use in a <b>vaccine</b> for neuroblastoma and other cancers.			
IT	168479-03-6, DOSPA			
RL:	THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (integrin-targeting vectors having transfection activity)			
REFERENCE COUNT:	6	THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT		

L11 ANSWER 25 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:789045 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:24103  
 TITLE: An influenza enveloped DNA **vaccine**  
 INVENTOR(S): Cusi, Maria Grazia; Gluck, Reinhard; Walti, Ernst  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schweiz. Serum- & Impfinstitut Bern, Switz.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9852603	A2	19981126	WO 1998-EP3050	19980522
WO 9852603	A3	19990514		
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 9879153	A1	19981211	AU 1998-79153	19980522
EP 988052	A2	20000329	EP 1998-929369	19980522
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI			

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 1997-108390 19970523  
 WO 1998-EP3050 19980522

AB Described are virosomes comprising cationic lipids, biol. active influenza hemagglutinin protein or biol. active derivs. thereof and nucleic acids encoding antigens from pathogenic sources in their insides, preferably antigens from mumps virus wherein said antigens are derived from conserved external and internal proteins of said virus. Provided are virosomes which may advantageously be formulated as **vaccines** capable of inducing strong neutralizing antibody and cytotoxic T cell responses as well as protection to pathogenic sources such as a mumps virus. Furthermore, **vaccines** comprising recombinant DNA derived from DNA encoding conserved external and internal proteins from mumps virus are described. Mol. cloning of hemagglutinin gene, F gene, and nucleocapsid gene of mumps virus, N gene of respiratory syncytial virus, and S or Pre-S1 or Pre-S2 or S ORF gene of hepatitis B virus was described. Also described were prepn. of DOTAP-PC virosomes and DOTAP-PC-PE virosomes, incorporation of plasmids expressing mumps genes into DOTAP virosomes, humoral and cellular immune response to viral mumps-antigens induced by genetic immunization.

IT **168479-03-6**, DOSPA  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (virosomes comprising cationic lipids, influenza hemagglutinin, and antigen gene of pathogen as DNA **vaccine** for infectious diseases)

L11 ANSWER 26 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:736678 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:91045  
 TITLE: Direct gene transfer to the respiratory tract of mice with pure plasmid and lipid-formulated DNA  
 AUTHOR(S): McCluskie, Michael J.; Chu, Yongliang; Xia, Jiu-Lin; Jessee, Joel; Gebyehu, Gulilat; Davis, Heather L.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Loeb Research Institute, Ottawa, Can.  
 SOURCE: Antisense & Nucleic Acid Drug Development (1998), 8(5), 401-414  
 CODEN: ANADF5; ISSN: 1087-2906  
 PUBLISHER: Mary Ann Liebert, Inc.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Direct gene transfer into the respiratory system could be carried out for either therapeutic or immunization purposes. Here we demonstrate that cells in the lung can take up and express plasmid DNA encoding a luciferase reporter gene whether it is administered in naked form or formulated with cationic liposomes. Depending on the lipid used, the transfection efficiency with liposome-formulated DNA may be higher, the same as, or less than that with pure plasmid DNA. Tetramethyltetraalkylspermine analogs with alkyl groups of 16 or 18 carbons and DMRIE/cholesterol formulations proved particularly effective. Similar results for reporter gene expression in the lung were obtained whether the DNA (naked or lipid formulated) was administered by indirect, non-invasive intranasal delivery (inhaled or instilled) or by invasive, direct intratracheal delivery (injected or via a cannula). Reporter gene expression peaks around 4 days, then falls off dramatically by 9 days. The dose-response is linear, at least up to 100 .mu.g plasmid DNA, suggesting better transfection efficiencies might be realized if there was not a vol. limitation. For a given dose of DNA, the best results are obtained when the DNA is mixed with the min. amt. of lipid that can complex it completely. These results are discussed in the context of direct gene transfer for either gene therapy or delivery of a mucosal DNA vaccine.

IT 153312-64-2, DMRIE

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(direct gene transfer to respiratory tract of mice with pure plasmid and lipid-formulated DNA)

REFERENCE COUNT: 71 THERE ARE 71 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 27 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:548562 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:193718

TITLE: Formulation of stabilized cationic transfection agents complexed with nucleic acid particles

INVENTOR(S): Crouzet, Joel; Pitard, Bruno

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhone-Poulenc Rorer S.A., Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9834648	A1	19980813	WO 1998-FR222	19980206
W: AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
FR 2759298	A1	19980814	FR 1997-1467	19970210
FR 2759298	B1	19990409		
AU 9862987	A1	19980826	AU 1998-62987	19980206
AU 737720	B2	20010830		
BR 9807563	A	20000201	BR 1998-7563	19980206
EP 1007097	A1	20000614	EP 1998-906986	19980206



EP 1007097 B1 20011017  
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE,  
SI, FI

JP 2001511171	T2	20010807	JP 1998-533881	19980206
AT 206932	E	20011115	AT 1998-906986	19980206
ES 2166146	T3	20020401	ES 1998-906986	19980206
ZA 9801034	A	19980811	ZA 1998-1034	19980209
NO 9903825	A	19990809	NO 1999-3825	19990809

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 1997-1467 A 19970210  
WO 1998-FR222 W 19980206

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 129:193718

AB The invention concerns a compn. contg. stabilized particles of cationic transfection agent(s)/nucleic acid complexes characterized in that it includes besides said transfection agent and nucleic acid at least a non-ionic surfactant in sufficient amt. for preventing the aggregation of the particles in course of time. In a preferred embodiment, the surfactant is a polyoxyalkylene or a deriv. thereof.

IT 158571-62-1, Lipofectamine

RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(formulation of stabilized cationic transfection agents complexed with nucleic acid particles)

L11 ANSWER 28 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:249878 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:12373

TITLE: Transfection of primary tumor cells and tumor cell lines with plasmid DNA/lipid complexes

AUTHOR(S): Stopeck, Alison T.; Hersh, Evan M.; Brailey, Jacqueline L.; Clark, Paul R.; Norman, Jon; Parker, Suezanne E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Arizona Cancer Center, Tucson, AZ, 85724-5024, USA

SOURCE: Cancer Gene Therapy (1998), 5(2), 119-126

CODEN: CGTHEG; ISSN: 0929-1903

PUBLISHER: Appleton & Lange

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Cancer **vaccines** that utilize genetically modified tumor cells require gene transfer methods capable of producing immunostimulatory doses of transgenes from fresh or short-term cultures of human tumor cells. Our studies optimize in vitro transfection of primary tumor cells using cationic lipids and a plasmid encoding the gene for human interleukin-2 (IL-2). Established tumor cell lines produced 10- to 100-fold more IL-2 than did fresh or short-term tumor cultures as measured by enzyme-linked immunoabsorbent anal. Importantly, transfection of primary tumor cells produced immunostimulatory levels of IL-2 as detd. by increased thymidine incorporation by autologous peripheral blood mononuclear cells and lymphokine-activated killer cell activity. IL-2 secretion by tumor cells persisted for at least 30 days post-transfection and was unaffected by freeze thawing or irradiation to 8000 rads. Multiple solid tumor types were successfully transfected, but normal blood mononuclear cells and leukemic blasts were resistant to transfection. Enzyme-linked immunoabsorbent anal. of the amt. of IL-2 secreted into the medium by transfected tumor cells correlated with the percentage of tumor cells expressing intracellular IL-2 as measured by flow cytometry. Plasmids utilizing a cytomegalovirus promoter yielded superior transfection efficiencies compared with plasmids contg. a Rous sarcoma virus promoter. These results suggest that a clin. **vaccine** trial using autologous tumor cells genetically modified to secrete IL-2 is feasible in patients

with solid tumors.

IT 153312-64-2, DMRIE

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(primary tumor cell and tumor cell line transfection with IL-2-encoding  
plasmid DNA/cationic lipid complexes)

L11 ANSWER 29 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:180751 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:248559

TITLE: Cationic liposomes with entrapped polynucleotides for  
use as gene **vaccines**

INVENTOR(S): Gregoriadis, Gregory

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): School of Pharmacy, UK; Gregoriadis, Gregory

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9810748	A1	19980319	WO 1997-GB2490	19970915
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 9742154	A1	19980402	AU 1997-42154	19970915
AU 728581	B2	20010111		
EP 938298	A1	19990901	EP 1997-940250	19970915
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI			
CN 1237102	A	19991201	CN 1997-199674	19970915
JP 2001502299	T2	20010220	JP 1998-513398	19970915
KR 2000036088	A	20000626	KR 1999-702103	19990312
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1996-19172	A 19960913
			GB 1996-25917	A 19961213
			GB 1997-13994	A 19970701
			WO 1997-GB2490	W 19970915

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:248559

AB Cationic liposomes with entrapped polynucleotide in the intravesicular space are described. The liposomes include cationic components such as cationic lipids such as DOTAP. Preferably the method of forming liposomes uses the dehydration-rehydration method in the presence of the polynucleotide. The polynucleotide preferably operatively encodes an antigen capable of eliciting a desired immune response, i.e., is a gene **vaccine**.

IT 158571-62-1, Lipofectamine

RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(cationic liposomes with entrapped polynucleotides for use as gene **vaccines**)

L11 ANSWER 30 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:473805 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:175118

TITLE: Development of improved vectors for DNA-based immunization and other gene therapy applications  
 AUTHOR(S): Norman, Jon A.; Hobart, Peter; Manthorpe, Marston; Felgner, Phil; Wheeler, Carl  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Vical Inc., San Diego, CA, 92121, USA  
 SOURCE: Vaccine (1997), 15(8), 801-803  
 CODEN: VACCDE; ISSN: 0264-410X  
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Optimizing gene expression and delivery are necessary steps in the prodn. of vectors for DNA-based immunization as well as for other gene therapy applications. A mouse muscle/reporter gene assay system was used to systematically improve a plasmid DNA vector. The optimized vector VR1255 contained: (1) CMV promoter and enhancer; (2) CMV IE Intron A; (3) kanamycin resistance gene; (4) deleted SV40 origin of replication; (5) optimized lux coding region; and (6) a minimal synthetic terminator from the rabbit beta globin gene, mRBG. The vector VR1255 expressed 137 times greater than an earlier prototype RSV-based vector. For plasmid vector delivery into nonmuscle tissues, a recently synthesized cationic lipid, GAP-DLRIE, was found to greatly enhance the uptake and expression of plasmid DNA by 100-fold when instilled into the mouse lung. The time-course of CAT expression with GAP-DLRIE indicated that peak expression occurs 2-5 days after intranasal administration and expression diminished to about one-third the peak value by day 21. This cationic lipid may be useful for immunization by pulmonary and perhaps other nonmuscle routes.

IT 182919-20-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (development of improved vectors for DNA-based immunization and other gene therapy applications)

L11 ANSWER 31 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:429591 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:49213  
 TITLE: Novel non-pyrogenic bacterial strains and use of the same  
 INVENTOR(S): Hone, David M.; Powell, Robert J.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Maryland At Baltimore, USA; Hone, David M.; Powell, Robert J.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 124 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9718837	A1	19970529	WO 1996-US19875	19961122
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

AU 9722784 A1 19970611 AU 1997-22784 19961122  
 EP 841941 A1 19980520 EP 1996-945937 19961122  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, FI

US 5997881 A 19991207 US 1997-802371 19970219  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1995-7478P P 19951122  
 WO 1996-US19875 W 19961122

AB The present invention provides gram-neg. bacterial strains that produce substantially pure non-pyrogenic lipopolysaccharide or lipid A. The present invention also relates to a use of said strains for the prepn. of non-pyrogenic DNA and use of the same for introducing endogenous or foreign genes into animal cells or animal tissue. Further, the present invention relates to a use of said strains for the prepn. of non-pyrogenic bacterial proteins and polysaccharides antigens for use as **vaccines**.

IT **168479-03-6**

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (non-pyrogenic bacterial strains producing non-pyrogenic lipid A for delivery **vaccine** genes or DNA into animal cell or tissue)

L11 ANSWER 32 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:590320 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:212664

TITLE: Combined therapeutic treatment of hyperproliferative diseases using oncogenic cell-signaling pathway-inhibiting nucleic acids and anticancer agents

INVENTOR(S): Tocque, Bruno

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhone-Poulenc Rorer S.A., Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9622101	A1	19960725	WO 1996-FR56	19960112
W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, FI, GE, HU, IS, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
FR 2729295	A1	19960719	FR 1995-436	19950117
FR 2729295	B1	19970228		
CA 2209771	AA	19960725	CA 1996-2209771	19960112
AU 9645429	A1	19960807	AU 1996-45429	19960112
AU 716364	B2	20000224		
EP 800399	A1	19971015	EP 1996-901387	19960112
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, SI				
BR 9606969	A	19971104	BR 1996-6969	19960112
JP 10512559	T2	19981202	JP 1996-522078	19960112
NO 9703197	A	19970709	NO 1997-3197	19970709
FI 9703023	A	19970716	FI 1997-3023	19970716
US 6262032	B1	20010717	US 1997-875222	19970717
US 2001021395	A1	20010913	US 2001-816144	20010326
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1995-436 A	19950117
			WO 1996-FR56 W	19960112
			US 1997-875222 A1	19970717

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 125:212664

AB Hyperproliferative diseases are treated with a medicinal combination of .gtoreq.1 nucleic acids that at least partially inhibit oncogenic cell signaling pathways, and a therapeutic anticancer agent. The nucleic acid is e.g. a DNA coding for a tumor suppressor protein. The anticancer agent may be a taxoid, vinca alkaloid, etc.

IT 158571-62-1

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(hyperproliferative disease combined therapeutic treatment with  
oncogenic cell-signaling pathway-inhibiting nucleic acids and  
anticancer agents)

=> sel hit rn

E1 THROUGH E19 ASSIGNED

=> file reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:56:02 ON 16 AUG 2002

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 15 AUG 2002 HIGHEST RN 444046-42-8

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 15 AUG 2002 HIGHEST RN 444046-42-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when  
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Calculated physical property data is now available. See HELP PROPERTIES  
for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS  
Registry File, for complete details:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

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1 153312-64-2/BI  
(153312-64-2/RN)  
1 158571-62-1/BI  
(158571-62-1/RN)  
1 168479-03-6/BI  
(168479-03-6/RN)  
1 208040-06-6/BI  
(208040-06-6/RN)  
1 299207-54-8/BI  
(299207-54-8/RN)  
1 182919-20-6/BI  
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1 370108-99-9/BI  
(370108-99-9/RN)  
1 153312-60-8/BI  
(153312-60-8/RN)  
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(154486-25-6/RN)  
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(188949-12-4/RN)  
1 189203-05-2/BI  
(189203-05-2/RN)

1 199171-54-5/BI  
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 1 310445-44-4/BI  
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 1 370108-98-8/BI  
     (370108-98-8/RN)  
 L12 19 (153312-64-2/BI OR 158571-62-1/BI OR 168479-03-6/BI OR 208040-06  
       -6/BI OR 299207-54-8/BI OR 182919-20-6/BI OR 370108-99-9/BI OR  
       153312-60-8/BI OR 154486-25-6/BI OR 188949-12-4/BI OR 189203-05-  
       2/BI OR 199171-54-5/BI OR 282533-23-7/BI OR 282533-25-9/BI OR  
       299207-55-9/BI OR 310445-42-2/BI OR 310445-43-3/BI OR 310445-44-  
       4/BI OR 370108-98-8/BI)

=> d ide can l12 tot

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 370108-99-9 REGISTRY

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(3-aminopropyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis[(9Z)-9-  
     tetradecenyl]oxy]-, bromide, mixt. with (1R)-1-[[[(2-  
     aminoethoxy)hydroxyphosphinyl]oxy]methyl]-1,2-ethanediyl  
     bis(3,7,11,15-tetramethylhexadecanoate) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Hexadecanoic acid, 3,7,11,15-tetramethyl-, (1R)-1-[[[(2-  
     aminoethoxy)hydroxyphosphinyl]oxy]methyl]-1,2-ethanediyl ester, mixt.  
     contg. (9CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Vaxfectin

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C45 H90 N O8 P . C36 H73 N2 O2 . Br

CI MXS

SR CA

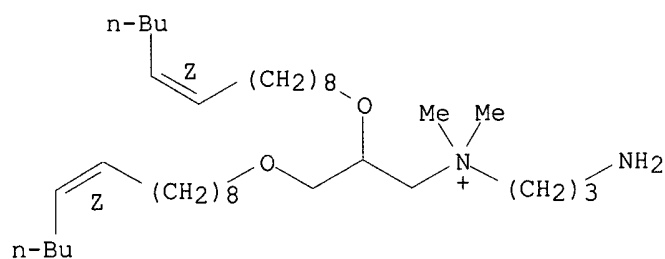
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

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CRN 370108-98-8

CMF C36 H73 N2 O2 . Br

Double bond geometry as shown.

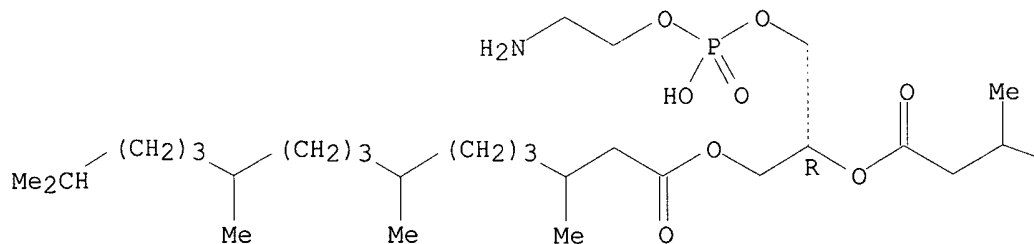


CM 2

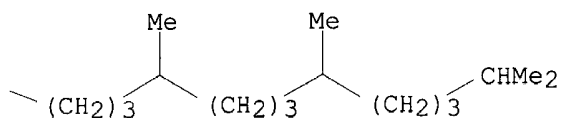
CRN 201036-16-0  
CMF C45 H90 N O8 P

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:198465

REFERENCE 2: 135:330213

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 370108-98-8 REGISTRY

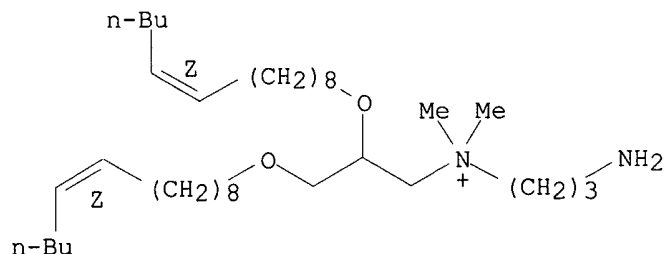
CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(3-aminopropyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis[(9Z)-9-tetradecenyl-1-oxo-1-yl]oxy]-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN VC 1052

FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C36 H73 N2 O2 . Br  
 CI COM  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.



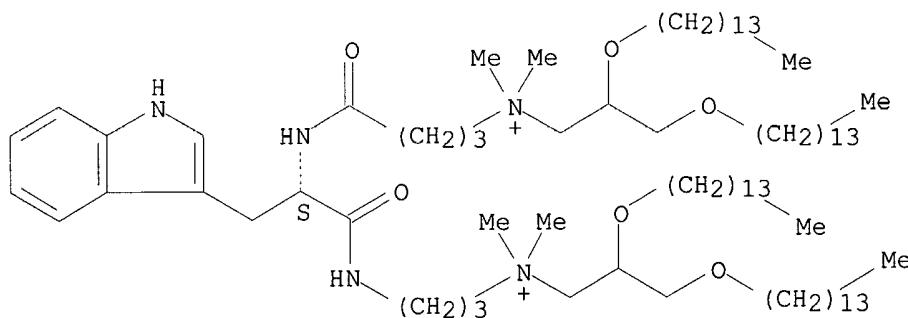
● Br<sup>-</sup>

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:330213

L12 ANSWER 3 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 RN 310445-44-4 REGISTRY  
 CN 16-Oxa-4,7-diaza-12-azoniatetriacontan-1-aminium, N-[2,3-bis(tetradecyloxy)propyl]-6-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-N,N,12,12-tetramethyl-5,8-dioxo-14-(tetradecyloxy)-, dibromide, (6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C84 H161 N5 O6 . 2 Br  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.



●2 Br<sup>-</sup>

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)



REFERENCE 1: 134:21482

L12 ANSWER 4 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 310445-43-3 REGISTRY

CN 4,6,11,13-Tetraazahexadecane-1,16-diaminium, N,N'-bis[2,3-bis(tetradecyloxy)propyl]-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-5,12-dioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

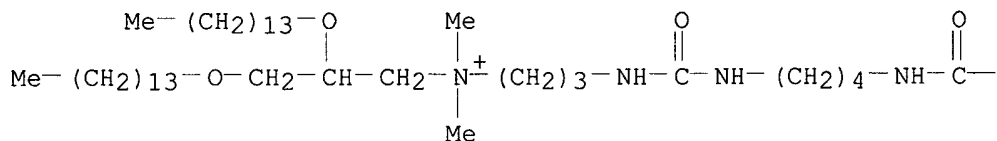
FS 3D CONCORD

MF C78 H162 N6 O6

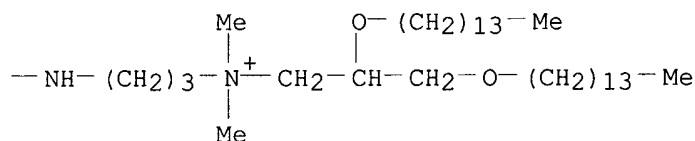
SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:21482

L12 ANSWER 5 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 310445-42-2 REGISTRY

CN 4,6,13,15-Tetraazaoctadecane-1,18-diaminium, N,N'-bis[2,3-bis(tetradecyloxy)propyl]-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-5,14-dioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

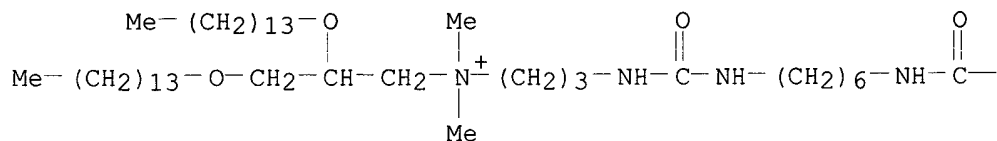
FS 3D CONCORD

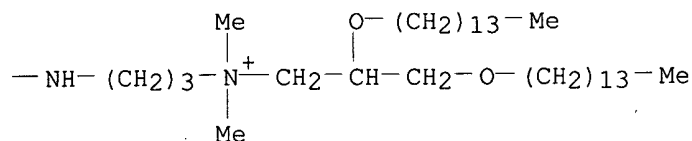
MF C80 H166 N6 O6

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

PAGE 1-A





1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:21482

L12 ANSWER 6 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 299207-55-9 REGISTRY

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(2-aminoethyl)-2,3-bis(hexadecyloxy)-N,N-dimethyl-,  
bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

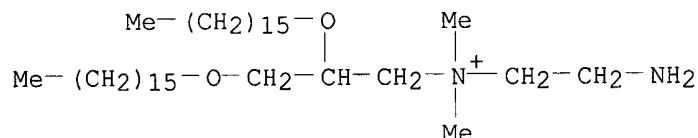
OTHER NAMES:

CN GAP-DPRIE

MF C39 H83 N2 O2 . Br

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER



● Br<sup>-</sup>

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:280556

L12 ANSWER 7 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 299207-54-8 REGISTRY

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(2-aminoethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis[(9Z)-9-  
tetradecenyl-oxy]-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GAP-DMORIE

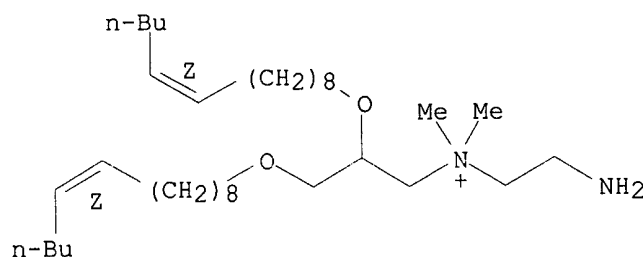
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C35 H71 N2 O2 . Br

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



● Br<sup>-</sup>

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:348865

REFERENCE 2: 134:161880

REFERENCE 3: 133:280556

L12 ANSWER 8 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

282533-25-9 REGISTRY

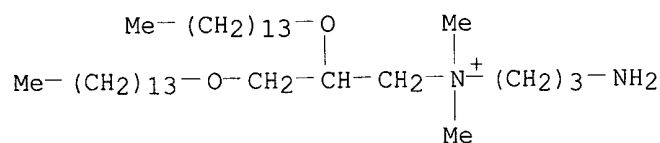
1-Propanaminium, N-(3-aminopropyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(tetradecyloxy)-,  
bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C36 H77 N2 O2 . Br

SR      CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CRN (191980-83-3)



● Br<sup>-</sup>

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:142076

REFERENCE 2: 134:21482

REFERENCE 3: 133:103732

L12 ANSWER 9 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 282533-23-7 REGISTRY

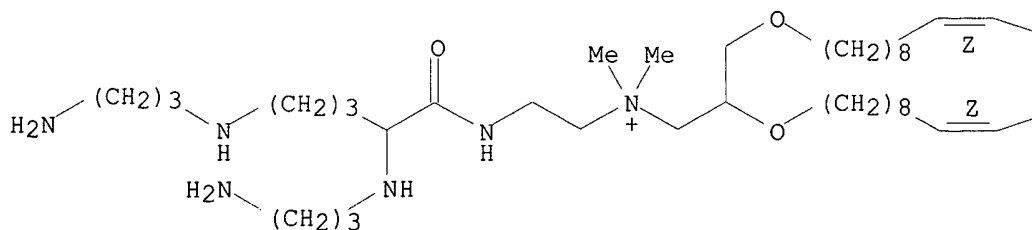
1-Propaneaminium, N-[2-[[2,5-bis[(3-aminopropyl)amino]-1-oxopentyl]amino]ethyl]-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis[(9Z)-9-octadecenyloxy]-, chloride, tetrahydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## OTHER NAMES:

CN DOSPA  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C54 H111 N6 O3 . 4 Cl H . Cl  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

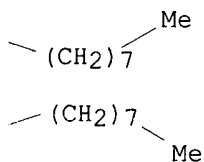
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

● Cl<sup>-</sup>

● 4 HCl

PAGE 1-B



4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:314910

REFERENCE 2: 133:340208

REFERENCE 3: 133:280556

REFERENCE 4: 133:103732

L12 ANSWER 10 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

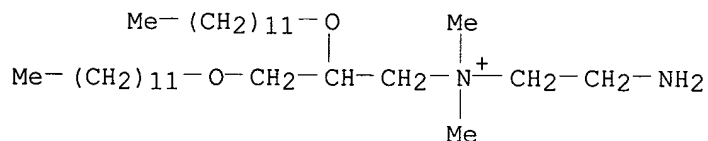
RN 208040-06-6 REGISTRY

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(2-aminoethyl)-2,3-bis(dodecyloxy)-N,N-dimethyl-,  
 bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## OTHER NAMES:

CN GAP-DLRIE  
 MF C31 H67 N2 O2 . Br

SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL



● Br<sup>-</sup>

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
 5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:348865  
 REFERENCE 2: 134:161880  
 REFERENCE 3: 133:340208  
 REFERENCE 4: 133:280556  
 REFERENCE 5: 129:32388

L12 ANSWER 11 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 199171-54-5 REGISTRY

CN 1-Propanaminium, 2,3-bis(dodecyloxy)-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,  
 bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

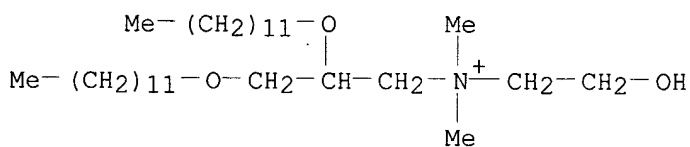
OTHER NAMES:

CN DLRIE

MF C31 H66 N O3 . Br

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL



● Br<sup>-</sup>

7 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
 7 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:142076  
 REFERENCE 2: 133:340208  
 REFERENCE 3: 133:280556  
 REFERENCE 4: 133:103732

REFERENCE 5: 132:298688

REFERENCE 6: 131:14825

REFERENCE 7: 128:16429

L12 ANSWER 12 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 189203-05-2 REGISTRY

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, mixt. with N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(tetradecyloxy)-1-propanaminium bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(tetradecyloxy)-, bromide, mixt. contg. (9CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Cholesterol mixt. with DMRIE

CN DMRIE-C

CN DMRIE-cholesterol mixt.

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C35 H74 N O3 . C27 H46 O . Br

CI MXS

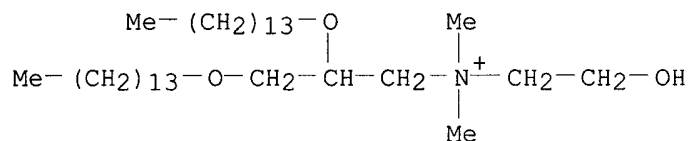
SR CA

LC STN Files: BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

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CRN 153312-64-2 (191980-81-1)

CMF C35 H74 N O3 . Br

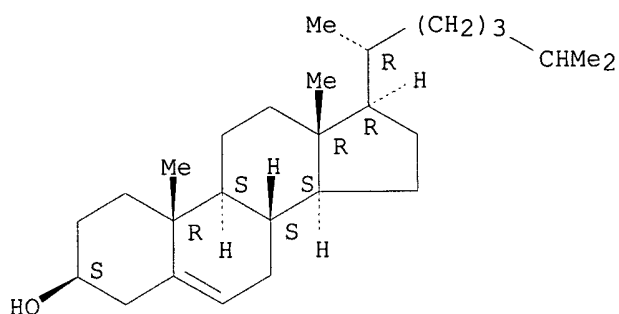


CM 2

CRN 57-88-5

CMF C27 H46 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



30 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
 30 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:72660  
 REFERENCE 2: 136:350922  
 REFERENCE 3: 136:227908  
 REFERENCE 4: 136:172607  
 REFERENCE 5: 136:42689  
 REFERENCE 6: 136:328  
 REFERENCE 7: 135:362424  
 REFERENCE 8: 135:262092  
 REFERENCE 9: 135:41420  
 REFERENCE 10: 135:14107

L12 ANSWER 13 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **188949-12-4** REGISTRY

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis[(9Z)-9-tetradecenyl]-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(9-tetradecenyl)-, bromide, (Z,Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN DMORIE

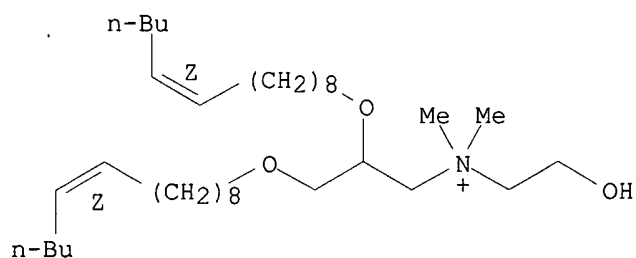
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C35 H70 N O3 . Br

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

● Br<sup>-</sup>

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:280556

REFERENCE 2: 126:282608

L12 ANSWER 14 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 182919-20-6 REGISTRY

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(3-aminopropyl)-2,3-bis(dodecyloxy)-N,N-dimethyl-,  
bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

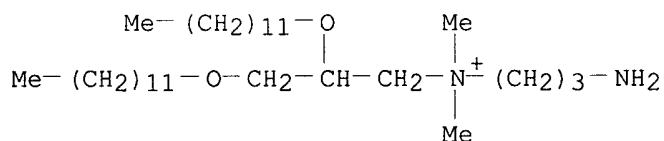
MF C32 H69 N2 O2 . Br

CI COM

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

CRN (191980-99-1)

● Br<sup>-</sup>

11 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
 11 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:335117

REFERENCE 2: 135:142076

REFERENCE 3: 133:291661

REFERENCE 4: 133:103732

REFERENCE 5: 131:18016

REFERENCE 6: 131:14825



REFERENCE 7: 129:99906  
REFERENCE 8: 127:175118  
REFERENCE 9: 127:103864  
REFERENCE 10: 125:338808

L12 ANSWER 15 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 168479-03-6 REGISTRY

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-[2-[[2,5-bis[(3-aminopropyl)amino]-1-oxopentyl]amino]ethyl]-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis[[ (9Z)-1-oxo-9-octadecenyl]oxy]-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 2,3-Dioleoyloxy-N-[2-(sperminecarboxamido)ethyl]-N,N-dimethyl-1-propanaminium trifluoroacetate

CN DOSPA

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 163046-76-2

MF C54 H107 N6 O5 . C2 F3 O2

CI COM

SR CA

LC STN Files: BIOBUSINESS, CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

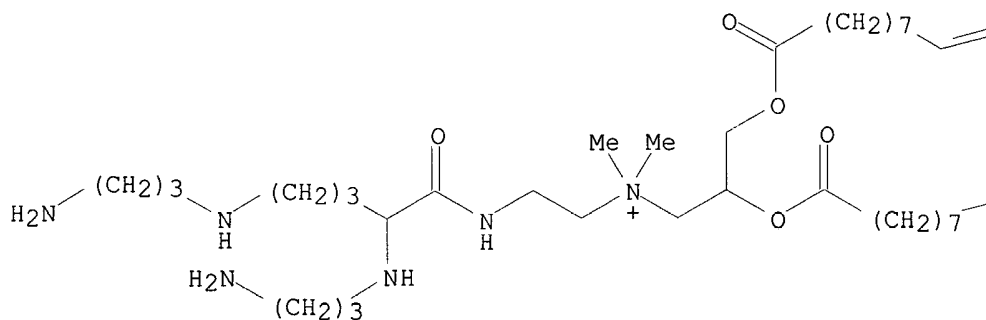
CM 1

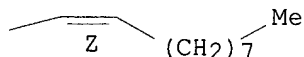
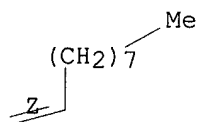
CRN 168479-02-5

CMF C54 H107 N6 O5

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

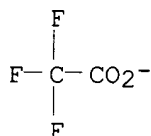




CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6

CMF C2 F3 O2



65 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

65 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:83640

REFERENCE 2: 137:57284

REFERENCE 3: 136:336176

REFERENCE 4: 136:314966

REFERENCE 5: 136:307351

REFERENCE 6: 136:195950

REFERENCE 7: 136:123632

REFERENCE 8: 136:32635

REFERENCE 9: 136:32634

REFERENCE 10: 136:97

L12 ANSWER 16 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 158571-62-1 REGISTRY

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-[3-[[3-[[4-[(3-aminopropyl)amino]butyl]amino]propyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis[[[(9Z)-1-oxo-9-octadecenyl]oxy]-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1), mixt. with 1-[[[(2-aminoethoxy)hydroxyphosphinyl]oxy]methyl]-1,2-ethanediyl

di-(9Z)-9-octadecenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

- CN 1-Propanaminium, N-[3-[[3-[[4-[(3-aminopropyl)amino]butyl]amino]propyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis[(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)oxy]-, (Z,Z)-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1), mixt. with (Z,Z)-1-[[[(2-aminoethoxy)hydroxyphosphinyl]oxy]methyl]-1,2-ethanediyl di-9-octadecenoate
- CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-, 1-[[[(2-aminoethoxy)hydroxyphosphinyl]oxy]methyl]-1,2-ethanediyl ester, mixt. contg. (9CI)
- CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (Z)-, 2-deoxy-2-[(1-oxododecyl)amino]-, 1-[[[(2-aminoethoxy)hydroxyphosphinyl]oxy]methyl]-1,2-ethanediyl ester, mixt. contg.

## OTHER NAMES:

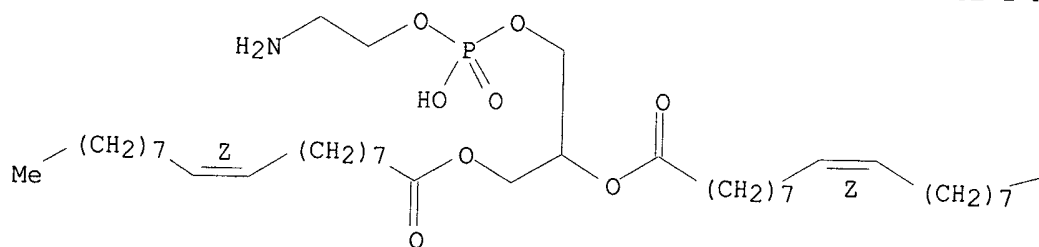
- CN LipofectAMINE
- FS STEREOSEARCH
- MF C54 H106 N5 O5 . C41 H78 N O8 P . C2 F3 O2
- CI MXS
- SR CA
- LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CIN, EMBASE, IPA, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

CM 1

CRN 2462-63-7

CMF C41 H78 N O8 P

Double bond geometry as shown.



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Me

CM 2

CRN 185097-43-2

CMF C54 H106 N5 O5 . C2 F3 O2

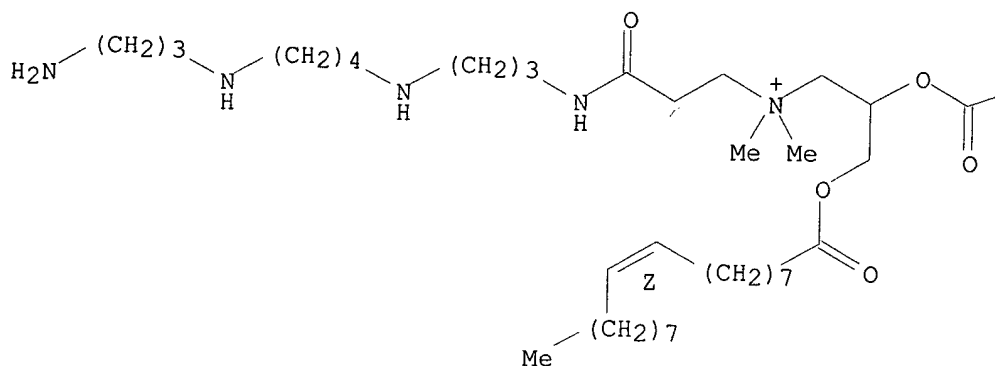
CM 3

CRN 181508-68-9

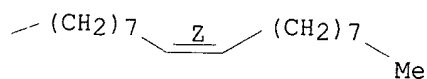
CMF C54 H106 N5 O5

Double bond geometry as shown.

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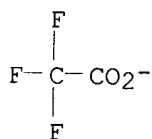
PAGE 1-B



CM 4

CRN 14477-72-6

CMF C2 F3 O2



221 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

8 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

221 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:92454  
 REFERENCE 2: 137:83524  
 REFERENCE 3: 137:76688  
 REFERENCE 4: 137:72673  
 REFERENCE 5: 137:68056  
 REFERENCE 6: 137:58112  
 REFERENCE 7: 137:57284

REFERENCE 8: 137:42288

REFERENCE 9: 137:32101

REFERENCE 10: 137:1159

L12 ANSWER 17 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 154486-25-6 REGISTRY

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(2-aminoethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(tetradecyloxy)-,  
bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(2-aminoethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(tetradecyloxy)-,  
bromide, (.+-.)-

OTHER NAMES:

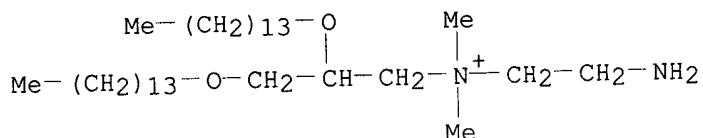
CN GAP-DMRIE

MF C35 H75 N2 O2 . Br

SR CAS Registry Services

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

CRN (191980-79-7)

● Br<sup>-</sup>5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:280556

REFERENCE 2: 133:103732

REFERENCE 3: 131:18016

REFERENCE 4: 129:36461

REFERENCE 5: 124:279113

L12 ANSWER 18 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 153312-64-2 REGISTRY

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(tetradecyloxy)-,  
bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN DMRIE

CN N-[1-(2,3-Ditetradecyloxy)propyl]-N,N-dimethyl-N-hydroxyethylammonium  
bromide

DR 146659-77-0

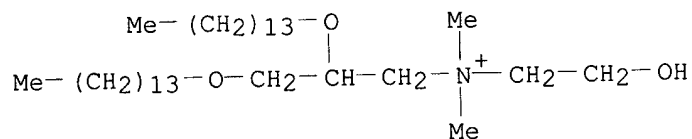
MF C35 H74 N O3 . Br

CI COM

SR CA

LC STN Files: BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, IPA, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER,  
USPATFULL

CRN (191980-81-1)

● Br<sup>-</sup>

110 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
 6 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
 110 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:390857  
 REFERENCE 2: 136:336176  
 REFERENCE 3: 136:268001  
 REFERENCE 4: 136:195950  
 REFERENCE 5: 136:123632  
 REFERENCE 6: 136:107481  
 REFERENCE 7: 136:74555  
 REFERENCE 8: 136:58784  
 REFERENCE 9: 136:58673  
 REFERENCE 10: 135:370419

L12 ANSWER 19 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **153312-60-8** REGISTRY

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis[(9Z)-9-octadecenyloxy]-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-2,3-bis(9-octadecenyloxy)-, bromide, (Z,Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN DORIE

FS STEREOSEARCH

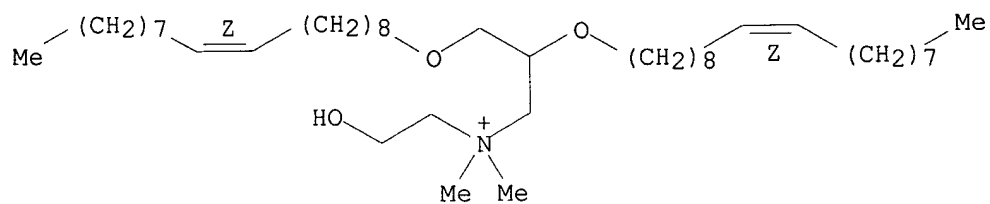
MF C43 H86 N O3 . Br

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

CRN (153985-18-3)

Double bond geometry as shown.



● Br<sup>-</sup>

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:355219  
REFERENCE 2: 133:280556  
REFERENCE 3: 133:103732  
REFERENCE 4: 120:153003